Community-based research during Covid-19: a tale of two surveys

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Agenda

- 1. Background to the surveys
- 2. Methodology
- 3. Challenges
- 4. Key takeaways



Background to the surveys

- FHR's long-standing relationship with CAOs as local centres of democracy
- May 2020: the National Food Crisis Forum was inaugurated by SAFSC
 - Strategy to identify and mitigate the inequalities exacerbated by Covid-19
 - Food Commons, Food Sovereignty pathways and Hub Building: tasked with opening up the food commons (gardens and small farms)
 - 2. Food Relief & Engagements: this committee is concerned with mapping food relief efforts across the country
 - **3. Basic Income Grant (BIG):** focused on continuing the campaign for a universal, basic income grant (#UBIGNOW)



Methodology

FHR Survey

- Collaborative creation of survey on Microsoft Forms
- Shared via local network of CAOs
- Data is protected and not shared
- Limitations:
 - Small sample size (127)
 - Only completed by those who have internet and device access

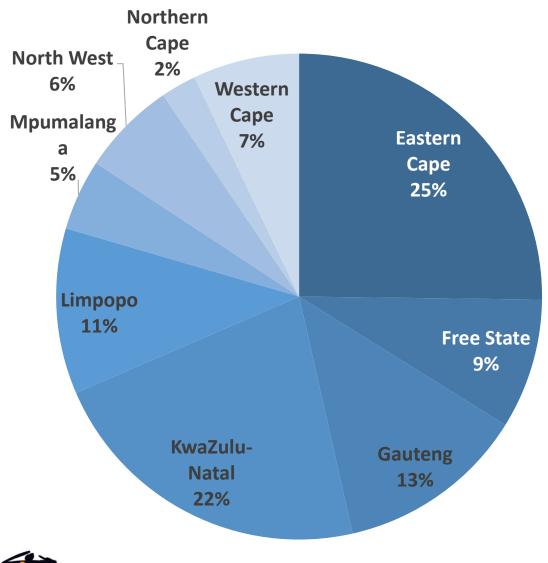
NFCF Survey

- Collaborative creation of survey on Google Forms
- Shared via local networks and organisations
- Data is protected and not shared
- Limitations:
 - Small sample size (206)
 - Only completed by those who have internet and device access
 - Concentrations in urban centres
 - Two provinces not represented

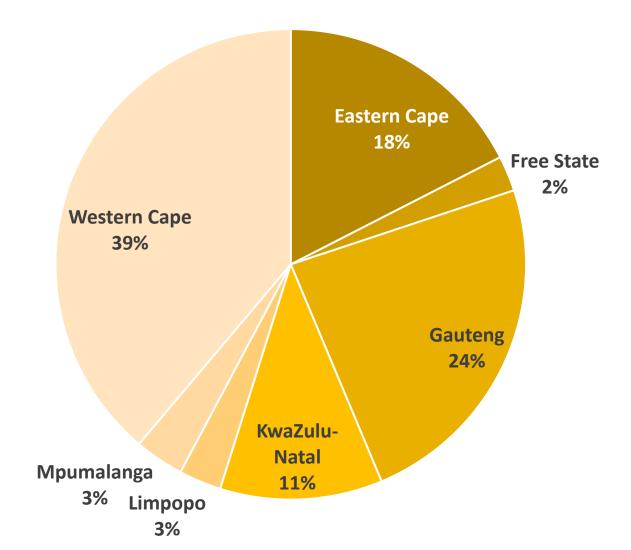




FHR: Respondents by province (N = 127)









Challenges

- Data coverage and costs excludes many from participating
- Limited technological know-how
- Relatively low and slow response rate, especially for FHR
- Duplicate responses
- Responses mostly from certain areas



Key takeaways: FHR survey

- 1. Violence is on the rise during lockdown, especially for women
- 2. A leadership vacuum and issues with grants have exacerbated the negative effects of lockdown
- 3. The hunger crisis has worsened during lockdown, despite measures to mitigate it
- 4. CAOs have been under-utilised by government and other stakeholders during the pandemic



Key takeaways: NFCF survey

- 1. Food relief efforts are predominantly in the Western Cape and Gauteng (most affected by Covid-19, most populated, most urbanised)
- 2. Most food relief efforts began during the lockdown
- 3. Short-term food relief is prioritised by initiatives, which is unsustainable
- 4. Vulnerable groups who rely on food relief will grow, which is dangerous
- 5. Food relief efforts rely on donations, which undermine its longevity



Questions

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